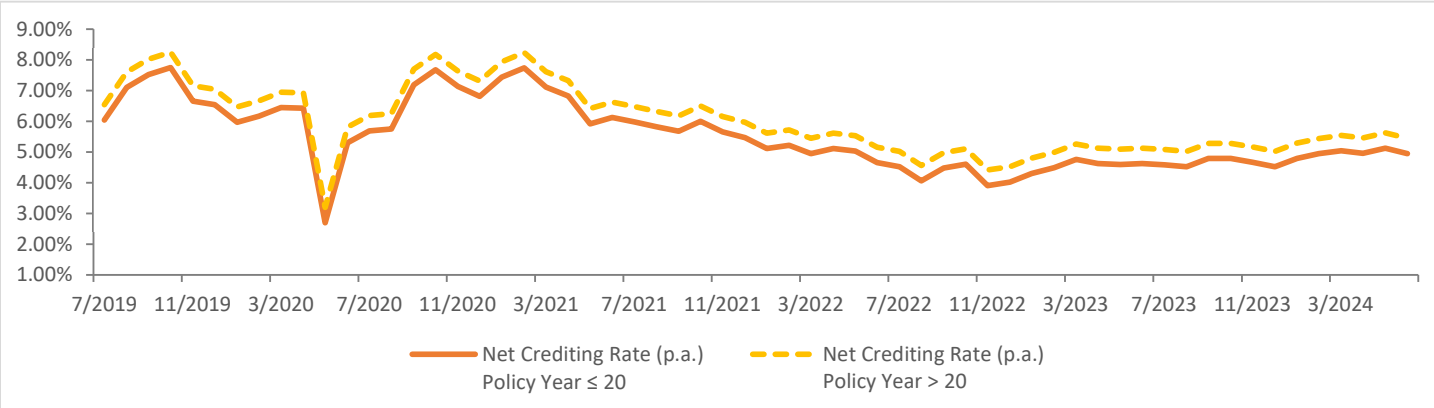


Historical Crediting Rates



Notice: The above shows the historical net crediting rates per annum of this product. Net crediting rates are declared on a monthly basis based on the net crediting rate per annum for the respective month, depending on the performance of the underlying fund of this product after deducting investment tax, fund management charge and supplementary charge. Past performance of the underlying fund is not an indication of its future performance.

Net Crediting Rates (by month)

Policy Years	Month	2023						2024					
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
≤20	Per Annum	4.58%	4.52%	4.79%	4.79%	4.67%	4.52%	4.80%	4.94%	5.04%	4.96%	5.13%	4.95%
	Monthly	0.38%	0.38%	0.39%	0.40%	0.38%	0.38%	0.40%	0.38%	0.42%	0.40%	0.43%	0.40%
>20	Per Annum	5.08%	5.02%	5.29%	5.29%	5.17%	5.02%	5.30%	5.44%	5.54%	5.46%	5.63%	5.45%
	Monthly	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%	0.44%	0.42%	0.42%	0.44%	0.42%	0.46%	0.44%	0.47%	0.44%

Net Crediting Rates (by year)

Policy Years	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1 st to 20 th	6.11%	6.30%	4.64%	4.61%	2.45%
21 st and above	6.61%	6.80%	5.14%	5.11%	2.69%

Note: The above are actual year-to-date net crediting rates. Max Step-Up was launched in July 2019.

Underlying Fund Info – NP17

Inception Date	30 July 2018
Fund Manager	GELM Investment
Risk Profile	Medium

Top 5 Holdings

1. Tenaga Nasional Bhd
2. Cagamas Bhd
3. Malayan Banking Bhd
4. Petroleum Sarawak Exploration & Production Sdn Bhd
5. Sarawak Petchem Sdn Bhd

Underlying Fund Objective

The underlying fund of this product aims to achieve medium to long-term capital appreciation by investing in a mixture of equities and fixed income securities with good fundamentals and growth potential.

Investment Strategy & Approach

The underlying fund invests in a mixture of equities and fixed income securities with good fundamentals and growth potential, and is actively managed with top-down approach and bottom-up approach. Top-down approach by adopting a disciplined macroeconomic framework to identify major turning points in global financial markets to determine long-term assets allocation decisions. Bottom-up approach in stock/bond selection process which relies on various factors including financial position, valuation, company or industry risks and prospects.

Asset Allocation

The underlying fund invests a maximum of 85% in fixed income securities, and a maximum of 30% in Malaysian equities and foreign equities (up to 10%). The balance will be invested in liquid assets which include money market instruments and cash or cash equivalents.