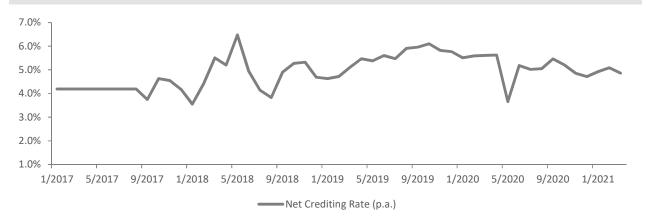
Great Eastern Life Assurance (Malaysia) Berhad Crediting Rates for Great Flexi Wealth



Historical Crediting Rates

As at 31 March 2021



Notice: The above shows the historical net crediting rates per annum of this product. Net crediting rates are declared on a monthly basis based on the net crediting rate per annum for the respective month, depending on the performance of the underlying fund of this product after deducting investment tax, fund management charge and supplementary charge. Smoothing mechanism will be used when calculating the net crediting rate to smooth out the volatility of the net crediting rate declared as compared to the underlying fund performance. Past performance of the underlying fund is not an indication of its future performance.

Net Crediting Rates (by month)

Manth 2020						2021						
Month	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
Per Annum	5.62%	3.66%	5.18%	5.02%	5.05%	5.46%	5.21%	4.86%	4.71%	4.92%	5.09%	4.86%
Monthly	0.45%	0.31%	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%	0.44%	0.43%	0.39%	0.39%	0.41%	0.38%	0.40%

Net Crediting Rates (by year)

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	-
-	4.13%	4.82%	5.50%	5.13%	

Note: The above are actual year-to-date net crediting rates. Great Flexi Wealth was launched in January 2017.

NP 16 Fund Performance (by year)

2016	2017*	2018	2019
-	2.27%	4.06%	7.08%

Note: The above are fund performance of underlying fund-NP16. * Since inception

Underlying Fund Info – NP16					
Inception Date	16 January 2017				
Fund Manager	GELM Investment				
Risk Profile	Medium				

Top 5 Holdings

- 1. Sarawak Energy Bhd
- Tenaga Nasional Bhd
- 3. CIMB Group Holdings Bhd
- 4. Danum Capital Bhd
- 5. Government Investment Issue

Underlying Fund Objective

The underlying fund of this product aims to achieve medium to long-term capital appreciation by investing in a mixture of equities and fixed income securities with good fundamentals and growth potential.

Investment Strategy & Approach

The underlying fund invests in a mixture of equities and fixed income securities with good fundamentals and growth potential, and is actively managed with top-down approach and bottom-up approach. Top-down approach by adopting a disciplined macroeconomic framework to identify major turning points in global financial markets to determine long-term assets allocation decisions. Bottom-up approach in stock/bond selection process which relies on various factors including financial position, valuation, company or industry risks and prospects.

Asset Allocation

The underlying fund invests a maximum of 85% in fixed income securities, and a maximum of 30% in Malaysian equities and foreign equities (up to 10%). The balance will be invested in liquid assets which include money market instruments and cash or cash equivalents.