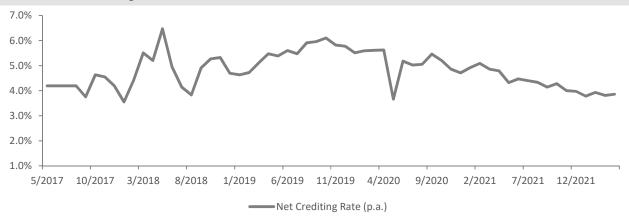
Great Eastern Life Assurance (Malaysia) Berhad Crediting Rates for Great Flexi Wealth As at 30 April 2022



Historical Crediting Rates



Notice: The above shows the historical net crediting rates per annum of this product. Net crediting rates are declared on a monthly basis based on the net crediting rate per annum for the respective month, depending on the performance of the underlying fund of this product after deducting investment tax, fund management charge and supplementary charge. Smoothing mechanism will be used when calculating the net crediting rate to smooth out the volatility of the net crediting rate declared as compared to the underlying fund performance. Past performance of the underlying fund is not an indication of its future performance.

Net Crediting Rates (by month)

Month	2021							2022				
Month	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Per Annum	4.32%	4.47%	4.40%	4.33%	4.14%	4.28%	4.00%	3.97%	3.78%	3.93%	3.81%	3.86%
Monthly	0.36%	0.36%	0.37%	0.36%	0.33%	0.36%	0.32%	0.33%	0.32%	0.30%	0.32%	0.31%

Net Crediting Rates (by year)

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
4.13%	4.82%	5.50%	5.13%	4.46%

Note: The above are actual year-to-date net crediting rates. Great Flexi Wealth was launched in January 2017.

NP 16 Fund Performance (by year)

2016	2017*	2018	2019	2020	2021
-	2.27%	4.09%	7.13%	1.96%	-0.27%

Note: The above are fund performance of underlying fund-NP16. * Since inception

Underlying Fund Info – NP16				
Inception Date	16 January 2017			
Fund Manager	GELM Investment			
Risk Profile	Medium			

Top 5 Holdings

- 1. Sarawak Energy Bhd
- Tenaga Nasional Bhd
- 3. Malayan Banking Bhd
- 4. Pengurusan Air SPV Bhd
- 5. Public Bank Bhd

Underlying Fund Objective

The underlying fund of this product aims to achieve medium to long-term capital appreciation by investing in a mixture of equities and fixed income securities with good fundamentals and growth potential.

Investment Strategy & Approach

The underlying fund invests in a mixture of equities and fixed income securities with good fundamentals and growth potential, and is actively managed with top-down approach and bottom-up approach. Top-down approach by adopting a disciplined macroeconomic framework to identify major turning points in global financial markets to determine long-term assets allocation decisions. Bottom-up approach in stock/bond selection process which relies on various factors including financial position, valuation, company or industry risks and prospects.

Asset Allocation

The underlying fund invests a maximum of 85% in fixed income securities, and a maximum of 30% in Malaysian equities and foreign equities (up to 10%). The balance will be invested in liquid assets which include money market instruments and cash or cash equivalents.